

ICO consultation on the draft right of access guidance

The right of access (known as subject access) is a fundamental right of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). It allows individuals to find out what personal data is held about them and to obtain a copy of that data. Following on from our initial GDPR guidance on this right (published in April 2018), the ICO has now drafted more detailed guidance which explains in greater detail the rights that individuals have to access their personal data and the obligations on controllers. The draft guidance also explores the special rules involving certain categories of personal data, how to deal with requests involving the personal data of others, and the exemptions that are most likely to apply in practice when handling a request.

We are running a consultation on the draft guidance to gather the views of stakeholders and the public. These views will inform the published version of the guidance by helping us to understand the areas where organisations are seeking further clarity, in particular taking into account their experiences in dealing with subject access requests since May 2018.

If you would like further information about the consultation, please email SARquidance@ico.org.uk.

Please send us your response by 17:00 on **Wednesday 12 February 2020**.

Privacy statement

For this consultation, we will publish all responses received from organisations but we will remove any personal data before publication. We will not publish responses received from respondents who have indicated that they are an individual acting in a private capacity (e.g. a member of the public). For more information about what we do with personal data see our privacy notice.

Please note, your responses to this survey will be used to help us with our work on the right of access only. The information will not be used to consider any regulatory action, and you may respond anonymously should you wish. Please note that we are using the platform Snap Surveys to gather this information. Any data collected by Snap Surveys for ICO is stored on UK servers. You can read their Privacy Policy.

Q1 Does the draft guidance cover the relevant issues about the right of access?
⊠ Yes
□ No
☐ Unsure/don't know
If no or unsure/don't know, what other issues would you like to be covered in it?
Q2 Does the draft guidance contain the right level of detail?
⊠ Yes
□ No
☐ Unsure/don't know
If no or unsure/don't know, in what areas should there be more detail within the draft guidance?
Q3 Does the draft guidance contain enough examples?
□ Yes
⊠ No
☐ Unsure/don't know

If no or unsure/don't know, please provide any examples that you think should be included in the draft guidance.

I would like to see more examples or scenarios around when a request would be considered as complex. I note that applying an exemption that involves large volumes of particularly sensitive information is a factor which may contribute to a request being complex – would this extend to redacting third party information from emails for example?

Q4	We have found that data protection professionals often struggle with applying and defining 'manifestly unfounded or excessive' subject access requests. We would like to include a wide range of examples from a variety of sectors to help you. Please provide some examples of manifestly unfounded and excessive requests below (if applicable).				
Q5	On a scale of	1-5 how useful	is the draft guidance	?	
1	– Not at all useful □	2 – Slightly useful □	3 - Moderately useful □	4 - Very useful ⊠	5 – Extremely useful
Q6	Why have you	u given this scor	e?		
	It is a great imp improvement.	rovement from th	e existing guidance bu	ut I think there is still	room for
Q7	To what exter	nt do you agree	that the draft guidan	ice is clear and eas	y to understand?
	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
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but the clock does not stop at this time it seems that this could result in a lot of additional work being undertaken unnecessarily if the requester does respond with a narrower scope. This could be exploited by vexatious requesters who seek to waste resources at an organisation.						
It would be helpful to have a section on email correspondence in particular and guidance on how best to process large volumes of correspondence. What should an organisation provide to a requester; should this include emails sent and received by them, particularly if they are a current employee?						
you answering as:						
 An individual acting in a private capacity (eg someone providing their views as a member of the public) An individual acting in a professional capacity ✓ On behalf of an organisation ✓ Other 						
ase specify the name of your organisation:						
yal Holloway and Bedford New College						
at sector are you from:						
Higher Education						
v did you find out about this survey?						
ICO Twitter account						
ICO Facebook account						
ICO LinkedIn account						
ICO website						
ICO newsletter						
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Thank you for taking the time to complete the survey.

Please provide any further comments or suggestions you may have about the draft

Page 23/24 – if we are permitted to seek additional information from a requester about their access request, particularly if they have stated they would like 'everything we hold',

Q8

Q9

Q10

guidance.