

ICO consultation on the draft right of access guidance

The right of access (known as subject access) is a fundamental right of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). It allows individuals to find out what personal data is held about them and to obtain a copy of that data. Following on from our initial GDPR guidance on this right (published in April 2018), the ICO has now drafted more detailed guidance which explains in greater detail the rights that individuals have to access their personal data and the obligations on controllers. The draft guidance also explores the special rules involving certain categories of personal data, how to deal with requests involving the personal data of others, and the exemptions that are most likely to apply in practice when handling a request.

We are running a consultation on the draft guidance to gather the views of stakeholders and the public. These views will inform the published version of the guidance by helping us to understand the areas where organisations are seeking further clarity, in particular taking into account their experiences in dealing with subject access requests since May 2018.

If you would like further information about the consultation, please email SARquidance@ico.org.uk.

Please send us your response by 17:00 on **Wednesday 12 February 2020**.

Privacy statement

For this consultation, we will publish all responses received from organisations but we will remove any personal data before publication. We will not publish responses received from respondents who have indicated that they are an individual acting in a private capacity (e.g. a member of the public). For more information about what we do with personal data see our privacy notice.

Please note, your responses to this survey will be used to help us with our work on the right of access only. The information will not be used to consider any regulatory action, and you may respond anonymously should you wish. Please note that we are using the platform Snap Surveys to gather this information. Any data collected by Snap Surveys for ICO is stored on UK servers. You can read their Privacy Policy.

Q1 Does the draft guidance cover the relevant issues about the right of access?
⊠ Yes
□ No
☐ Unsure/don't know
If no or unsure/don't know, what other issues would you like to be covered in it?
Q2 Does the draft guidance contain the right level of detail?
⊠ Yes
□ No
☐ Unsure/don't know
If no or unsure/don't know, in what areas should there be more detail within the draft guidance?
Q3 Does the draft guidance contain enough examples?
□ Yes
⊠ No
☐ Unsure/don't know
If no or unsure/don't know, please provide any examples that you think should be included in the draft guidance.
It would be useful to have an example for the below: - if you generate insights about an individual's behaviour based on their use of your service, where this data is identified or identifiable (directly or indirectly) then it is personal data and subject to the right of access.

Q4	We have found that data protection professionals often struggle with applying and defining 'manifestly unfounded or excessive' subject access requests. We would like to include a wide range of examples from a variety of sectors to help you. Please provide some examples of manifestly unfounded and excessive requests below (if applicable).					
Q5	On a scale o	f 1-5 how useful	is the draft guidance	?		
1	– Not at all useful □	2 – Slightly useful	3 – Moderately useful □	4 - Very useful ⊠	5 – Extremely useful	
Q6	Why have you given this score?					
	Good examp	les and clear guida	ance on compliance, tin	nescales and exemp	tions.	
Q7	To what exte	ent do you agree	that the draft guidan	ce is clear and eas	y to understand?	
	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	A gree ⊠	Strongly agree	
				<u>Γ</u>		

Q	8	Please provide any further comments or suggestions you may have about the draft guidance.				
	It would be useful to review the ICO position on the guidance below:					
	1.	1. "If the requested information is not sufficient and you need to take further steps to verify the individual's identity, the timescale for responding begins once you have completed the verification. However, this only applies in exceptional circumstances and generally the timescale for responding to a SAR begins upon receipt of the requested information."				
	vei	t would be useful to understand the exceptional circumstances as the process for verification could take a number of days and could significantly reduce the time period left for the company to complete the SAR within a month.				
	2. If you process a large amount of information about an individual, you may ask them to specify the information or processing activities their request relates to before responding to the request. However, this does not affect the timescale for responding - you must still respond to their request within one month. Again the timeframe could be significantly shortened if a Data subject only provided this clarification towards the latter end of the timeframe.					
	3.	Call recordings are a specific request from a number of customers and it may be useful to include this under Information types.				
Q9 Are you answering as:						
		 □ An individual acting in a private capacity (e.g. someone providing their views as a member of the public) ☑ An individual acting in a professional capacity □ On behalf of an organisation □ Other Please specify the name of your organisation: 				
		Severn Trent Plc				
		What sector are you from:				
		Utilities				
Q	10	How did you find out about this survey?				
	\boxtimes	ICO Twitter account				
☐ ICO Facebook account						

\boxtimes	ICO Twitter account
	ICO Facebook account
	ICO LinkedIn account
\boxtimes	ICO website
	ICO newsletter
	ICO staff member
	Colleague
\boxtimes	Personal/work Twitter

□ Personal/work Twitter account
 □ Personal/work Twitter Twitter Twitter
 □ Personal/work Twitter
 □ Per

☐ Personal/work Facebook account

 $\hfill \square$ Personal/work LinkedIn account

□ Other

Thank you for taking the time to complete the survey.